

COVID-19 Guidance for HCPs on Testing & Isolation (Version: Dec 11, 2021)

This document is based on the Ministry of Health's <u>Management of Cases and Contacts of COVID-19 in Ontario</u>
(Version 13.0), <u>COVID-19 Fully Immunized and Previously Positive Individuals: Case, Contact and Outbreak</u>

<u>Management Interim Guidance (Version 3)</u>, and <u>COVID-19 Provincial Testing and Clearance Guidance (Version 14)</u>. Note that health units may have different recommendations based on their local epidemiology.

Please note that this document does not incorporate measures specific to Omicron cases, as outlined in the COVID-19 Variant of Concern Omicron (B.1.1.529): Case, Contact and Outbreak Management Interim Guidance.

Users of this document must ensure that they are following the most up-to-date guidance from the Ministry of Health and Wellington-Dufferin-Guelph Public Health (WDGPH). The most recent version of this document can be found in the COVID-19 Information for Health Care Providers section of our website, under Symptoms, Screening and Testing. Please check for updates frequently.

Definitions:

Fully Vaccinated (FV) – An individual ≥ 14 days after receiving their second dose of a two-dose COVID-19 vaccine series or their first dose of a one-dose COVID-19 vaccine series.

Previously Positive (PP) – An individual who was a confirmed case of COVID-19 where their initial positive result was ≤ 90 days ago and they have been cleared from their infection.

Additional References:

Ontario Ministry of Health – <u>You've been exposed to someone who has tested positive for COVID-19, now what?</u>

WDGPH – <u>Guidance for After COVID-19 Testing</u>

Ontario Ministry of Health – <u>COVID-19 Provincial Testing Guidance Update</u>

PHAC – <u>Persons Exempt from Mandatory Quarantine Due to COVID-19</u>

*Updated information is highlighted in yellow.

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WHO TO TEST	WHEN TO TEST	INDIVIDUAL ACTIONS (While Tests Pending)	FOR CLOSE CONTACTS (While Tests Pending)	IF TEST IS POSITIVE (PH will provide guidance for each case)	IF TEST IS NEGATIVE
		N	IO KNOWN EXPOSU	RE TO COVID-19 CASE	
ASYMPTOMATIC Individuals who are part of an outbreak investigation ASYMPTOMATIC	Per WDGPH guidance provided to client Per Ministry of	If symptoms develop selfisolate and seek testing Instry of testing	• If symptoms develop self-isolate	 Self-isolation x10 days from test date If ICU level care or severe immunocompromise → isolation extended until 20 days from test date or symptom onset Can D/C isolation when PH clearance provided AND afebrile 	 Self-monitor for symptoms If symptoms develop → self-isolate and repeat testing If returning from travel outside of Canada and not FV → abide by mandatory quarantine (14 days from arrival)
 Individuals who are part of a provincial testing initiative (e.g. LTC) 	Health testing guidance			without medication AND >24hrs symptoms improving • Close contacts isolate x10 days from last contact (not required for FV or PP) & seek testing • FV → re-testing recommended	
SYMPTOMATIC	ASAP	• Self-isolate	Self-monitor Household (HH) contacts should self-isolate (not required for FV or PP) If symptoms develop self-isolate and seek testing	 Self-isolation x10 days from symptom onset If ICU level care or severe immunocompromise → isolation extended until 20 days from symptom onset Can D/C isolation when PH clearance provided AND afebrile without medication AND >24hrs symptoms improving Close contacts isolate x10 days from last contact (not required for FV or PP) & seek testing 	 D/C isolation and remain home if unwell If symptoms change or worsen → self-isolate and repeat testing If returning from travel outside of Canada and not FV or PP → self-isolate for an additional 14 days from symptom onset

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WHO TO TEST	WHEN TO TEST	INDIVIDUAL ACTIONS (While Tests Pending)	FOR CLOSE CONTACTS (While Tests Pending)	IF TEST IS POSITIVE (PH will provide guidance for each case)	IF TEST IS NEGATIVE				
CLOSE CONTACT OR HIGH-RISK EXPOSURE TO A COVID-19 CASE									
ASYMPTOMATIC	ASAP and on or after Day 7 since last exposure (or as directed by Public Health)	 Self-isolate FV or PP → self-monitor and avoid non-essential visits to settings with vulnerable popIn. 	 Self-monitor If symptoms develop self-isolate and seek testing HH contacts should not attend school or child care for the duration of the self- isolation period and only leave home for other essential reasons (e.g., work, groceries) – not required for FV or PP 	 Self-isolation x10 days from test date If ICU level care or severe immunocompromise → isolation extended until 20 days from test date or symptom onset Can D/C isolation when PH clearance provided AND afebrile without medication AND >24hrs symptoms improving Close contacts isolate x10 days from last contact (not required for FV or PP) & seek testing FV → re-testing recommended 	 Self-isolation x10 days from last exposure (from dismissal date if part of school cohort). HH contacts (not FV or PP) should not attend school or child care for the duration of the self-isolation period & only leave home for other essential reasons (e.g., work, groceries) FV or PP → self-isolation not required; avoid non-essential visits to settings with vulnerable popln. for 10 days If tested negative before day 7 → repeat testing on or after day 7 If symptoms develop → repeat testing 				
SYMPTOMATIC	ASAP (even if already tested while asymptomatic)	• Self-isolate	HH contacts should self-isolate (not required for FV or PP) If symptoms develop seek testing	 Self-isolation x10 days from symptom onset If ICU level care or severe immunocompromise → isolation extended until 20 days from test date or symptom onset Can D/C isolation when PH clearance provided AND afebrile without med. AND >24hrs symptoms improving Close contacts isolate x10 days from last contact (not required for FV or PP) & seek testing 	 Self-isolation x10 days from last exposure (from dismissal date if part of school cohort). HH contacts (not FV or PP) should not attend school or child care for the duration of self-isolation period & only leave home for other essential reasons (e.g., work, groceries) FV or PP → D/C isolation after symptoms improving and afebrile for 24 hours (48 hours for GI sym.); avoid non-essential visits to settings with vulnerable popln. for 10 days If symptoms change or worsen → repeat testing 				

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WHO TO TEST	WHEN TO TEST	INDIVIDUAL ACTIONS (While Tests Pending)	FOR CLOSE CONTACTS (While Tests Pending)	IF TEST IS POSITIVE (PH will provide guidance for each case)	IF TEST IS NEGATIVE				
	NOTIFIED OF EXPOSURE VIA COVID APP								
ASYMPTOMATIC	ASAP and on or after Day 7 since notification	 Self-isolate FV or PP → self-monitor 	Self-monitor If symptoms develop isolate and seek testing	 Self-isolation x10 days from test date If ICU level care or severe immunocompromise → isolation extended until 20 days from test date or symptom onset Can D/C isolation when PH clearance provided AND afebrile without medication AND >24hrs symptoms improving Close contacts isolate x10 days from last contact (not required for FV or PP) & seek testing FV → re-testing recommended 	 Self-monitor for symptoms x10 days from App notification If tested negative before day 7 → repeat testing on or after day 7 If symptoms develop → self-isolate and repeat testing 				
SYMPTOMATIC	ASAP	• Self-isolate	Self-monitor Household contacts should self-isolate (not required for FV or PP) If symptoms develop isolate and seek testing	 Self-isolation x10 days from symptom onset If ICU level care or severe immunocompromise → isolation extended until 20 days from test date or symptom onset Can D/C isolation when PH clearance provided AND afebrile without medication AND >24hrs symptoms improving Close contacts isolate x10 days from last contact (not required for FV or PP) & seek testing 	 D/C Isolation and remain home if unwell If symptoms change or worsen → repeat testing 				

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Frequently Asked Questions

How are high-risk contacts identified? (community/workplaces/schools)

- In all settings (except health care or other settings where PPE is used), high risk contacts would include anyone who
 had:
 - o Direct contact with infectious body fluids of the case (e.g., coughed or sneezed on)
 - Other close, prolonged, unprotected contact (e.g., contact with a case within 2 metres for more than a transient amount of time, particularly if case and/or contact was not masked.
 - o A transient interaction (e.g., walking past someone on the sidewalk) does not qualify as high-risk contact

When can employees from a company with positive cases be tested?

Public health will contact individuals in the workplace who have been identified as high-risk contacts and recommend that
they get tested and/or provide information to the workplace to advise as to which workers require testing.

What happens if an individual receives a positive antigen point-of-care test (POCT) or molecular self-test?

A positive result from an antigen POCT (e.g., Panbio, BD Veritor, or BTNX) or molecular self-test (e.g., Lucira) will require
confirmatory testing through lab-based PCR test or molecular POCT (e.g., ID NOW, GeneXpert) ideally within 48 hours. If
the lab-based PCR test or rapid molecular POCT is positive, the individual will be considered a confirmed case. If the
rapid molecular POCT test is negative, confirmatory PCR is required. Review <u>Point-of-Care Testing Use Case</u>
<u>Guidance</u>.

What is the testing and clearance guidance for Health Care Workers?

 Continue to follow the guidance for Health Care Workers in <u>COVID-19 Quick Reference Public Health Guidance on</u> <u>Testing and Clearance (Version 15)</u>.

When should a previously cleared case be re-tested?

- Re-testing after clearance should be based on clinical indications for testing (e.g., new symptoms), OR as directed in the context of new high-risk exposures or outbreak investigations.
- Asymptomatic surveillance testing should resume after 90 days from the date of their positive result.

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For household contacts of symptomatic individuals, how long do they need to self-isolate?

- All household contacts of symptomatic individuals should self-isolate until any one of the following criteria are met:
 - The symptomatic individual receives a negative COVID-19 test result.
 - o The symptomatic individual receives an alternative diagnosis.
 - 10 days have passed since the contact's break in contact with the symptomatic individual (if no break in contact, the 10 days should begin 10 days after the symptomatic individual developed their symptoms).
- If the household contact is **fully vaccinated or previously positive and asymptomatic**, they do not need to self-isolate.

For household members (not FV or PP) of close contacts, what are considered "other essential" activities?

- Examples of activities that are considered essential are working or volunteering (if cannot be done from home), obtaining
 food, beverages and personal care items, obtaining financial, government, social or health care services, necessary
 maintenance for household or business, to support or provide assistance to someone that requires it, and attending a
 gathering for a funeral or religious service.
- Unvaccinated members of a household where someone has had a high-risk exposure should not attend school or child care. They can return to school/child care and non-essential activities once the isolation period ends.

Are individuals with COVID-19 symptoms who pass the COVID-19 screening tool still eligible for testing?

Yes, individuals with any symptom of COVID-19 that is new, worsening or different from an individual's baseline health status (usual state), and is listed in the current <u>Reference Document for Symptoms</u>, (i.e., fever/chills, cough, shortness of breath, new olfactory or taste disorder, fatigue/lethargy/malaise, myalgias, nausea/vomiting diarrhea, sore throat, runny nose, nasal congestion, abdominal pain, headache, conjunctivitis, or decreased appetite or lack of appetite for young children) are eligible for free PCR testing at a testing centre.

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