Food Safety Information for Operators and Employees

Hazardous Foods

Foods high in protein and moisture, which support growth of bacteria and their toxins. Hazardous foods include:

- Poultry and Poultry Products
- Meat and Meat Products
- Fish and Shellfish
- Eggs and Egg Products
- Milk and Dairy Products
- Mixed Salads & Rice Dishes

Internal Cooking Temperatures

Product	Temperature
Poultry (pieces and ground)	74°C (165°F)
• Poultry (whole)	82°C (180°F)
Pork, Pork Products	71°C (160°F)
• Fish	70°C (158°F)
Ground Meat (not Poultry)	71°C (160°F)
Food Mixture containing hazardous foods	74°C (165°F)

These temperatures must be reached for at least 15 seconds

FACTORS CONTRIBUTING TO FOODBORNE ILLNESS

FOOD HANDLING TIPS TO PREVENT FOODBORNE ILLNESS

Contamination of Raw Foods or Ingredients	 Check for evidence of contamination upon delivery Buy from reputable distributors or suppliers 	
	Keep raw foods and ingredients safe from contamination	
Contamination of Raw Foods or Ingredients (by Chemicals, Pests, Environmental Contaminants,	Properly cover foods while in storage Ensure all cleaning agents, pesticides and other chemicals are clearly marked and stored separately from food preparation areas	
etc.)	Ensure all windows are properly screened and potential entrance points for pests tightly sealed	
Inadequate Cooking Times and Temperatures	Internal temperature of hazardous foods must reach required temperatures (see chart above)	
Improper or Inadequate Cleaning and Sanitizing of Equipment and Utensils	 Use sanitizing agent in the correct concentration Ensure mechanical dishwasher in proper working order 	
Cross-contamination of Cooked and Ready-to- Eat Foods	 Store foods properly (covered, and cooked and ready-to-eat foods above raw) Designate utensils and food contact equipment Ensure hands are washed before and after handling foods and 	
Contamination by Food Handlers	Wash hands before handling food and after potential contamination Prohibit food handling by employees who are ill, or with cuts, boils or abrasions on the hands	
Improper Hot Holding of Foods	 Hold foods at 60°C (140°F) or greater Maintain steam tables at 60°C (140°F) or greater Monitor internal food temperature and equipment temperatures with probe and indicating thermometers 	
Improper Cooling Practices	 Divide larger portions into smaller portions Do not cover foods tightly Avoid cooling foods at room temperature 	
Inadequate Reheating of Foods	 Reheat all foods quickly to original cooking temperature for at least 15 seconds Do not use steam tables for reheating 	
	Monitor internal food temperatures with probe thermometer	

Set Fines Under the Food Premises Regulation 493/17

Food handlers and/or food premises operators can be fined for non-compliances under the **Food Premises Regulation**. Some examples are given in the table below.

Section	Violation	Fine
7 (1) (a)(i)	Food premise maintained in manner permitting health hazard	\$465.00
7 (3)(a)	Fail to provide food premise with adequate potable water supply	\$465.00
7 (3)(c)	Fail to provide adequate number of handwashing stations	\$465.00
26 (1)	Fail to protect food from contamination or adulteration	\$465.00
27 (1)	Store potentially hazardous foods at internal temperature between 4°C and 60°C	\$465.00
33 (1)(e)	Fail to ensure food handler in food premise washes hands as necessary to prevent contamination of food	\$305.00

