

# **COVID-19 Guidelines: Grocery and Retail Stores**

Date Issued: April 30, 2020

In an effort to help contain the spread of the novel coronavirus (COVID-19) and protect the public, the Province of Ontario enacted a <u>declaration of a state of emergency</u> on March 17, 2020 under the *Emergency Management and Civil Protection Act*.

On April 3, 2020, the <u>Government of Ontario</u> extended the declaration until May 12, 2020. This requires the closure of all non-essential workplaces. The updated list of <u>essential workplaces</u> permits supermarkets, grocery stores, convenience stores, discount and big box stores selling groceries, restaurants (take-out, drive-through and delivery service only) and pharmacies to remain open.

In addition to existing requirements under <u>Ontario Food Premise Regulation 493</u>, Wellington-Dufferin-Guelph Public Health (WDGPH) is strongly advising further precautions are in place to protect the health and safety of employees and customers during this time. Please also refer to the <u>Government of Ontario</u> resource providing best practices to help employers and employees prevent the spread of COVID-19 in food services.

## **Ensure Physical Distancing:**

Ensure employees and customers maintain <u>physical distancing</u> by staying 2 metres (6 feet) away from one another.

- Assign an employee at the entrance to monitor and limit the number of customers entering your location
- Consider providing markers on the sidewalk/area outside of the store for potential overflow line-ups
- Stagger the number of people entering to allow for physical distancing
- Design a shopping flow to allow one-way traffic with arrows on the floor
- Provide signage at the entrance and throughout the premise to remind customers and employees about the importance of physical distancing
- Add floor markings to aisles and checkout lines to delineate physical space
- Place tape with 6ft markers in front of service counters (e.g. meat/deli counters, bakery, customer service, etc.)





- Reduce the lines and grouping at the cash registers by having customers line up behind 6ft tape marking on the floor and have an employee direct customers as a cashier become available
- Ask customers not to stop in front of the cashier but to wait at the end of the conveyor belt
- Consider installing barriers between cashiers and customers
- Provide clean carry out bags, customers should be encouraged not to use their own containers or re-usable bags
- If close contact with colleagues or members of the public is unavoidable, consider wearing a mask. <u>Tips for how and when a mask should be used are shared</u> by the Government of Ontario.

## Calculating the Maximum Number of People in a Store

 A suggestion for calculating a maximum number of persons in a grocery store at one time is one person per 2 meters squared or 4 square meters of retail floor space.<sup>1,3</sup>

### **Keep Your Hands Clean:**

To reduce the spread of bacteria and viruses, including the flu and COVID-19, ensure the following:

- Food handlers must <u>wash their hands</u> often and before handling or preparing any food, for at least 20 seconds with soap and water
  - Employees who are serving food to customers, may use an alcohol-based <u>hand</u> <u>sanitizer</u> if soap and water are not available and their hands are not visibly dirty
- Avoid touching your eyes, nose, and mouth
- Avoid high-touch areas, where possible, and ensure you wash your hands afterwards
- Cough and sneeze into the bend of your arm
- Consider limiting the handling of credit and debit cards wherever possible, by allowing customers to scan. Always practice proper hand washing when handling cash or credit/debit cards.
  - More information is shared by the <u>Bank of Canada</u> on the importance of continued acceptance of cash and how to safely handle.
- Employees should wash their hands before and after and breaks, at the beginning and end of their shift, and before preparing or eating food.

#### **Glove Use**

Glove use is not required. Gloves are not a substitute for proper hand hygiene, as they do not guarantee that food or surfaces are not contaminated. Gloves should be worn when a food handler has cracked or broken skin or a bandage that is covering a wound. If using gloves, do so properly.



### Tips for the Proper Use of Gloves:

- Gloves must be used in combination with handwashing
- Hands should always be washed and/or sanitized with an alcohol-based hand sanitizer prior to putting on gloves and after taking gloves off
- Change gloves whenever you change activities, touch your face, or contact with an item or surface that may be contaminated
- Gloves should be thrown out and not used again once they have been taken off

### **Implement Enhanced Cleaning and Disinfection:**

Continue using cleaners and sanitizers on food contact surfaces, as outlined in the Ontario Food Premise Regulation 493, including a chlorine solution of 100 parts per million (can be made by mixing ½ tsp of bleach to 1 litre of water) or a quaternary ammonium product of 200 parts per million.

<u>Clean and disinfect</u> frequently touched non-food contact surfaces, such as pay stations, bagging areas, door handles, light switches, handrails, phones, counters, etc. at least twice per day. Use only disinfectants that have a <u>Drug Identification Number (DIN)</u> and follow an manufacturer's instructions.

- Consider disinfecting shopping carts and baskets between customers
- Consider providing portable hand washing stations for customers or alcohol-based hand sanitizer at the entrances
- Ensure washrooms are cleaned and sanitized frequently and well supplied with liquid soap, paper towels, hot and cold running water and a garbage receptacle

## **Consider Vulnerable Populations:**

 Some businesses have begun offering the first hour of operation for customers from vulnerable populations, such as individuals over the age of 65 or those with a compromised immune system.

## **Employees Should Not Work If:**

- They are not feeling well or have COVID-19 symptoms
  - Symptomatic employees should be sent home and advised to complete the online <u>Ontario self-assessment tool</u> or go to a nearby <u>assessment centre</u> for COVID-19 testing
- They have traveled <u>outside of Canada</u> within the past 14 days

You must <u>self-isolate</u> for 14 days before returning to work If an employee becomes ill, please refer to the <u>COVID-19 Guidance for Businesses</u>: <u>Employers & Employees</u> resource.



Failure to comply with these requirements may result in fines under the Emergency Management and Civil Protection Act that range from \$750.00 to \$1000.00 for an individual and up to \$10,000,000 for a corporation.

We understand that this is a challenging time and want to thank you for your dedication and support of others in our community. For more information on COVID-19, please visit our website at <a href="https://wdqpublichealth.ca/">https://wdqpublichealth.ca/</a>.

## **Contact Information for Additional Inquiries**

Dial 1-800-265-7293 ext. 4020 (open Monday – Friday from 9 a.m. – 4 p.m.) for inquires about:

- Workplace concerns
- Protecting yourself from COVID-19

Or if you have a question or concern about a food establishment:

• Contact a Public Health Inspector by calling 1-800-265-7293 ext. 4753

#### **Additional Resources:**

Ministry of Health – COVID-19 Guidance for Food Premises

Public Health Agency of Canada: Preventing COVID-19 in the Workplace

COVID-19 Guidance for Businesses: Employers & Employees

Restaurant and food services health and safety during COVID-19

#### References

- British Columbia Ministry of Health; British Columbia Centre for Disease Control. COVID-19 Guidance to Retail Food and Grocery Stores [Internet].2020. [cited 2020 April 15] Available from: <a href="https://www2.gov.bc.ca/assets/gov/public-safety-and-emergency-services/emergency-preparedness-response-recovery/embc/covid-materials/covid-19">https://www2.gov.bc.ca/assets/gov/public-safety-and-emergency-services/emergency-preparedness-response-recovery/embc/covid-materials/covid-19</a> quidance to grocery stores 29mar2020 final.pdf
- 2. Eastern Ontario Health Unit. Order of the Medical Officer of Health under Section 22 Health Protection and Promotion Act [Internet].2020. [cited 2020 April 10] Available from: <a href="https://bseo.ca/files/resources/new-order-from-the-medical-officer-of-health-for-essential-businesses-serving-customers.pdf">https://bseo.ca/files/resources/new-order-from-the-medical-officer-of-health-for-essential-businesses-serving-customers.pdf</a>
- 3. Government of Saskatchewan. Guidance for Grocery Stores [Internet].2020. [cited 2020 April 15] Available from: <a href="https://www.saskatchewan.ca/government/health-care-administration-and-provider-resources/treatment-procedures-and-guidelines/emerging-public-health-issues/2019-novel-coronavirus/covid-19-information-for-businesses-and-workers/guidance-for-grocery-stores</a>
- 4. Ottawa Public Health. COVID-19 Guidance for Retails Stores Including Grocery Stores and Pharmacies [Internet]. 2020. [cited 2020 April 13] Available from:

  <a href="https://www.ottawapublichealth.ca/en/resourcesGeneral/Guidance-Document----Retail-Stores.pdf">https://www.ottawapublichealth.ca/en/resourcesGeneral/Guidance-Document----Retail-Stores.pdf</a>